



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

vided for by section 54 of said article 43 of said code, together with all the books, records, documents, unexpended balances, and all other matters and things of or appertaining to said agency or agent, shall be transferred to and devolved upon the State board of health, and the said powers and duties shall thereupon and thereafter be exercised and performed by the State board of health; and the said State vaccine agency and the office of the said State vaccine agent shall thereupon be abolished. Nothing in this act shall be construed so as to shorten the term of the office of the incumbent.

SEC. 2. That this act shall take effect on the first day of June, 1916.

**Meat—Live Animals—Inspection—Condemnation when Diseased or Unwholesome.**  
(Reg. Bd. of H., Revised to Sept. 15, 1916.)

REG. NO. 16. *Inspection of live animals.*—Whenever an inspector or agent of the State board of health, after examination, shall have reason to believe that any live animal intended for the food of man is diseased, or unsound or unwholesome, he shall condemn said animal and issue an order preventing the sale of said animal for human food: *Provided, however,* That if the owner of said live animal or the person having control of the same, shall give 24 hours' notice to the said inspector of the day and hour upon which the owner or the person having control thereof will slaughter such animal, in the presence of the inspector, that then such inspector after a further examination of such dead animal may modify or change the existing order.

**Cold Storage—Regulation. (Ch. 163, Act Apr. 4, 1916.)**

SECTION 1. That the following 12 sections be added to article 43, to follow section 177h as codified in Bagby's Code of 1911, and to be known as sections 177i, 177j, 177k, 177l, 177m, 177n, 177o, 177p, 177q, 177r, 177s, 177t.

**COLD STORAGE.**

SEC. 177i. For the purpose of this act, "cold storage" shall mean the storage or keeping of articles of food at or below a temperature above zero of 45 degrees Fahrenheit in a cold storage warehouse; "cold storage warehouse" shall mean any place artificially cooled to or below a temperature above zero of 45 degrees Fahrenheit, in which articles of food are placed and held for 30 days or more; "articles of food" shall mean fresh meat and fresh meat products and all fish, game, poultry, eggs, and butter.

SEC. 177j. No person, firm, or corporation shall maintain or operate a cold storage warehouse without a license so to do issued by the secretary of the State board of health. Any person, firm, or corporation desiring such a license shall make written application to the secretary of the State board of health for that purpose, stating the location of the warehouse. The secretary of the State board of health thereupon shall cause an examination to be made of said warehouse and, if it be found by it to be in a proper sanitary condition and otherwise properly equipped for its intended use, it shall issue a license authorizing the applicant to operate the same as a cold storage warehouse during one year. The license shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of a license fee of \$25 to the treasurer of the State.

SEC. 177k. In case any cold storage warehouse or any part thereof, shall at any time be deemed by the secretary of the State board of health to be in an unsanitary condition, or not properly equipped for its intended use, it shall notify the licensee of such condition and upon the failure of the licensee to put such cold storage warehouse in a sanitary condition or to properly equip the same for its intended use, within a time to be designated by the secretary of the State board of health, it shall revoke such license.

SEC. 177l. Every such licensee shall keep accurate records of the articles of food received in and of the articles of food withdrawn from his cold storage warehouse, and